Incidental Thyroid Cancer in Patients with Graves' Disease: Not as Rare as We **Previously Believed**

Lauren Slattery MD, MS¹, Rongzhi Wang MD, MSPH², Fiemu Nwariaku MD, MBA¹, Jessica Liu McMullin MD, MS¹

¹University of Utah, Salt Lake City, USA ²University of Alabama at Birmingham, Birmingham, USA

Introduction

- The incidence of thyroid cancer in patients with Graves' disease remains unclear.
- Previous studies only included small patient cohorts from single institutions.

Objective

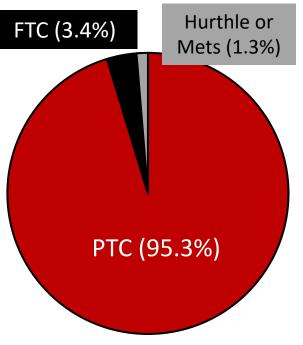
 Our objective was to determine the rate of incidental thyroid cancer among patients treated surgically for Graves' disease using a national database

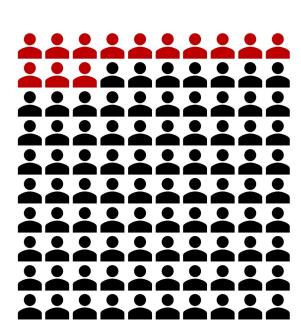
Methods

- National Surgical Quality Improvement Program's **Procedure Targeted** Thyroidectomy from 2013-2021
- Patients who underwent total thyroidectomy for Graves' disease were included
- Coexisting thyroid cancer was determined based on pathology results
- Occult or micro-confined thyroid cancer was excluded
- Demographics and postoperative outcomes were compared in patients with and without incidental thyroid cancer.

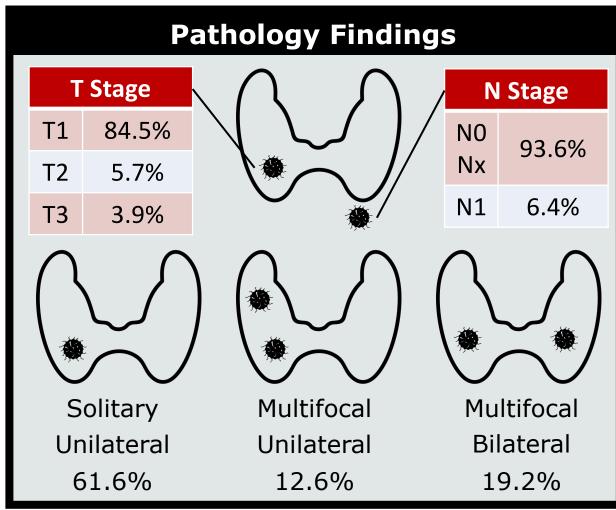
Results

•Out of 3193 included patients with Graves' disease, 406 (12.7%) had incidental thyroid cancer on final pathology





•387 (95.3%) had Papillary Thyroid Cancer (PTC), 14 (3.4%) had Follicular Thyroid Cancer (FTC), and the remaining 1.3% were Hurthle Cell Cancer or Metastasis



 Graves' patients with cancer were older and had a higher body mass index (BMI) than those without

Conclusion

- •Thyroid cancer was incidentally found in 12.7% of patients undergoing surgery for Graves' Disease in a national database
- Incidental thyroid cancer should be considered when counseling patients on management for Graves' disease



